## Agenda Item 13

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# Report

**Subject**: Formation of a new parish council for Salisbury

Report to: The Cabinet

Date : Wednesday 05 September 2007

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Leader of the Council: Councillor Paul Sample

## 1. Summary

To seek Members views on a parish council for Salisbury and to consider what recommendations if any to make to Council

## 2. Formation of a parish council under the existing law

- 2.1. There are 3 ways of creating a parish council under the Local Government and Rating Act 1997:
  - A review by the Council
  - Submission of a petition via the Council to the Secretary of State
  - Further to a review by the Local Government Commission as directed by the Secretary of State

The functions are not executive arrangements under the Local Government Act 2000 and are therefore the responsibility of the Council.

#### 2.2. Council review

- 2.2.1. The Council may carry out a review of the whole or any part of its area.
- 2.2.2. The Council is required to have regard to the need to reflect the identities and interests of local communities and to secure effective convenient local government.
- 2.2.3. Shrewsbury and Atcham Borough Council are currently seeking the views of residents on a proposal for the establishment of a town council for Shrewsbury following the success of Shropshire County Council's bid for unitary status.

#### 2.3. Petition

- 2.3.1. The petition must be signed by not less than 250 or 10% of those people shown on the local register of electors as resident within the area of the proposed parish whichever is the greater
- 2.3.2. The petition must define the area of the proposed parish by way of a map or a written description by reference to identifiable fixed boundaries e.g. ward boundaries.
- 2.3.3. The Council has up to 3 months to consider a petition consult with interested parties and submit a response to the Secretary of State.









- 2.4. Directed review
  - In light of the provisions in place for District reviews and petitions such reviews are rare and are not considered in this report.
- 2.5. Process for a Council review/submission of a petition
- 2.5.1. The Council may make recommendations to the Secretary of State as to the proposed parish and to the Electoral Commission as to the proposed electoral arrangements for a parish council.
- 2.5.2. In considering what recommendations to make with regard to the proposed parish the Council must first itself assess the support and local need for a parish council. There are no prescribed ways of doing this e.g. a local poll or postal vote could be used. The Charter Trustees and Wiltshire County Council would be mandatory consultees.
- 2.5.3. In considering what recommendations to make with regard to proposed electoral arrangements the Council would need to consider the number of Councillors, whether the proposed parish should be divided into wards and if so their number and boundaries.
- 2.5.4. The Secretary of State may by order give effect to the recommendations of the Council and the Electoral Commission. In deciding whether to accept or reject any recommendations the Secretary of State will be guided by the general rule that the parish be based on the smallest area which reflects community identity and interest and which is viable as an administrative unit. Whilst the larger the urban area the greater the scope for identification of distinct communities within it a Charter Trustee City may be seen as a cohesive area provided it was not unduly dominant. A parish of more than 50% of the district by population is unlikely to be accepted.
- 2.5.5. There is no time limit on how long it will take before the Secretary of State makes a decision. Any new parish council is formally constituted by a sealed order of the Council.
- 2.5.6. Flowcharts are attached as Appendix 1. Based on the experience of others the whole process would take not less than 18 months and would cost the Council upto £15,000.
- 2.5.7. In the event that any process was not completed by the time any new Wiltshire authority is in place there seems no reason in principle why such authority should not be able to continue the process [with such changes as required by law] if it wished to do so.
- 2.6. Formation
- 2.6.1. The effective date is 1<sup>st</sup> April.
- 2.6.2. A specific election for new parish councillors would be held. The cost would fall on the Council. A parish council must not have less than 5 councillors but there is no maximum number.
- 2.6.3. A shadow council can be elected by the electorate using a secret ballot or a temporary council can be appointed by the Council pending formation.

#### 2.7. Financial matters

- 2.7.1. The residents of a parish meet the costs of a parish council by paying an addition to their Council tax called a precept. The amount depends on the costs and level of services provided.
- 2.7.2. The Council can anticipate the precept of a new parish council or the Council could provide a grant to finance its first year. Individual parish precepts are not subject to capping.
- 2.7.3. As well as levying a precept the new parish council would be able to levy "special expenses" in the same way that City Area [Community] Committee does provided service delivery is local to and spending by the principal council [the Council and then the new Wiltshire authority] and another parish or parishes occurs in different areas.

## 2.8. Transfers of assets etc

- 2.8.1. As no authority would be abolished the only assets that would automatically transfer from the Council to a new parish council are allotments within the boundary of the new parish.
- 2.8.2. The Council would be able to use its well being powers under the Local Government Act 2000 to dispose of land to a new parish if it considers that disposal would be likely to promote or improve the economic social or environmental well-being of the district or any part of it.
  - Any disposal would have to be for the best consideration that can reasonably be obtained unless the Secretary of State's consent was obtained. However under the General Disposal Consent [England] 2003 the Council can dispose of land held under the Local Government Act 1972 at

an undervalue which does not exceed £2 million. Subject to certain limited exceptions any land not currently held under the 1972 Act would first need to be appropriated before any disposal. State Aid rules would need to be complied with.

The position has been complicated by the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Bill. Should the Bill become law in its current form it is open to the Secretary of State to issue a direction that the Council may not dispose of land worth more than £100,000 in aggregate backdated to 01.01.2007 without the consent of a designated person.

- 2.8.3 Delivery of the Salisbury Vision will require that assets in public ownership are made available for redevelopment and regeneration activities. Agreement would need to be reached between the Council Wiltshire County Council and any new parish council on how best to do this.
- 2.9. Duties Powers and Rights
- 2.9.1. Duties include:
  - Elections
  - Budget setting and maintenance of accounts
  - Governance arrangements such as standing orders

There is no duty to provide services.

- 2.9.2. Rights include:
  - Service delivery as an agent for principal authorities
  - Notification of and consultation on planning matters within the parish
- 2.9.3. A list of the powers of a parish council is attached as Appendix 2. In addition there is a power to spend a limited amount of money as set by the Secretary of State on anything a parish council deems to be of benefit to the parish.

# 3. Formation of a parish council under the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Bill

- 3.1. There are 2 ways of creating a parish council:
  - A review by the Council or by Wiltshire County Council pending the transfer of functions date [April 2009 unless Wiltshire County Council's bid for August 2008 is successful] thereafter a review by the new Wiltshire authority
  - Submission of a petition to the Council or to Wiltshire County Council pending the transfer of functions date thereafter to the new Wiltshire authority
- 3.2. The process is similar to that under the existing law. The main differences are that:
  - The Council or Wiltshire County Council or the new Wiltshire authority as the case may be makes the decision not the Secretary of State
  - a decision must be made within 12 months of the date that the authority concerned decides to carry out a review or of the date a petition is received
  - asset transfer may be agreed and in the absence of agreement determined by arbitration

### 4. Wiltshire County Council's unitary bid

- 4.1. Section 3 of the "We're Ready" submission states that a Council for Wiltshire might wish to commission a special study of possible changes in governance. A parish or other models might be considered.
- 4.2. Wiltshire County Council expands on its statement in its supplement to the Submission. This states that Salisbury is the only unparished area in Wiltshire and that an independent commission will carry out a study to recommend governance arrangements which respect the heritage of Salisbury and strengthen the community voice. Establishment of such a commission is envisaged by November 2007. It would consider whether Salisbury should be parished, and if so, make recommendations as to the number of parishes, the number of Councillors per parish, on boundaries and as to electoral arrangements.

#### 5. Charter trustees:

On 22.08.07 the Department for Communities and Local Government issued a consultation paper "Councils' proposals for Unitary Local Government: An approach to Implementation. The paper states that if an area for which charter trustees have been constituted becomes a parish secondary legislation can provide that the area ceases to qualify for charter trustee status, any mayor shall cease to hold office and the ceremonial property and the liabilities held by the charter trustees would transfer to the parish.

#### 6. Options:

- Do nothing
  - This option would not meet the Council's priority of giving people opportunities to influence their community and neighbourhood
- Creation of a Council led parish council
  - It is uncertain whether this option would be delivered by the Council should the new Wiltshire authority be created in August 2008 but should be deliverable by April 2009 subject to any transitional arrangements put into effect in April 2008
- Creation of a new Wiltshire authority led parish council
   There is no guarantee that the proposed commission would recommend that Salisbury be parished.

#### 7. Indicative timetable for Council review:

- Full Council decision to carry out a review: 24.09.07
- City Area [Community] Committee agrees project initiation arrangements:02.10.07
- Publication of review: October 2007
- City Area [Community] Committee considers representations, makes any recommendations and publicises them: December 2007
- City Area [Community] Committee considers representations, makes any recommendations and publicises them: February 2008
- Recommendations sent to Secretary of State: March 2008
- Consideration of recommendations by Local Government Commission: April-June 2008
- Secretary of State accepts recommendations taking account of Local Government Commission proposals: September 2008
- Secretary of State consults on draft order for a new parish area: October 2008
- Secretary of State makes an order taking into account any representations: January 2009
- Council makes an order establishing the parish council: February 2009
  - NB This timetable represents the minimum period. The timetable is likely to be longer.

#### 8. Consultation undertaken:

- "Prescribed" internal consultees
- Wiltshire County Council Officers

#### 9. Recommendations:

Members determine whether Cabinet wishes to make any recommendations to Council:

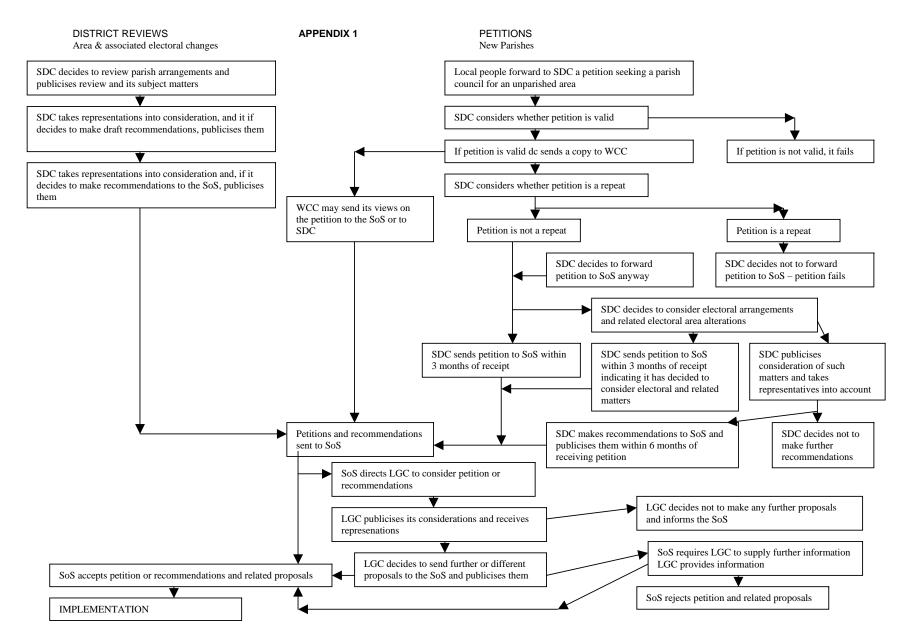
- 9.1 as to the carrying out of a review
- 9.2 in the event of a Council decision to carry out a review
  - the delegation of the carrying out of the review to City Area [Community] Committee
  - the establishment of a steering group to oversee implementation of the review

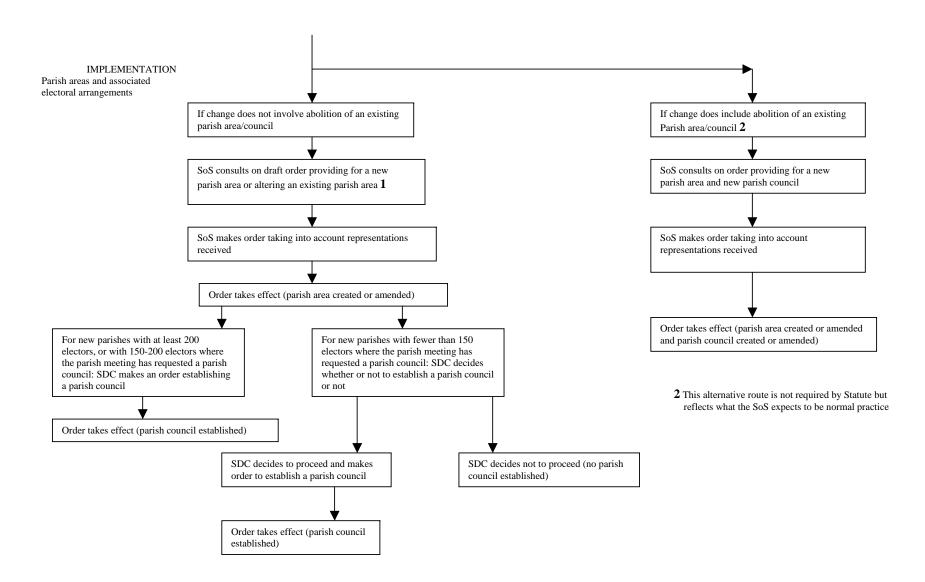
## 10. Background papers:

None- all published papers

## 11. Implications:

- Key decision: no
- Financial: the existing budget of the City Area forms part of the Council's overall budget albeit
  the district raises a special expenses levy on City dwellings to pay for the maintenance of
  certain district owned assets. Any application for parish status will require resourcing.
- Legal: set out in report
- Human rights: none
- Personnel: resources would need to be allocated to the process of forming a parish council in the form of a project team
- ICT: none
- Community safety: none
- Environmental: none
- Council's Core Values: communicate
- Wards affected: Salisbury City wards





<sup>1</sup> SoS may in his order direct SDC to make specific provision for a parish council, which SDC must follow

# **Powers and Duties of Local Councils**

The following table sets out the main ones; it is not a complete list of every single power and duty.

Where a function is marked with an asterisk (\*), a council also has the power to give financial assistance to another person or body performing the same function.

LGA 1972- Local Government Act 1972

Function	Powers and Duties	Statutory Provision
Accounts	Duty to appoint a	LGA 1972, s.151
	Responsible Financial	
	Officer to manage the	
	council's accounts	
Acceptance of office	Duty to sign declaration of	LGA 1972, s.83
	acceptance of office	
	(councillors and chairman)	
Agency arrangements	Power to arrange for the	LGA 1972, s.101
	discharge of functions by	
	another local authority	
Allotments	Power to provide allotments	Smallholdings & Allotments
	duty to provide allotment	Act 1908, ss.23, 26 & 42
	gardens if demand exists	
Baths and washhouses	Power to provide public	Public Health Act 1936, ss.
	baths and washhouses	221-223, 227
Borrowing	Power to borrow money for	LGA 1972, Sch 13
	statutory functions	
Burial grounds, cemeteries	Power to acquire and	Open Spaces Act 1906,
and crematoria*	maintain	ss.9 & 10
	Power to provide	LGA 1972, S.214
	Power to agree to maintain	Parish Councils and Burial
	memorials and monuments	Authorities (Misc. Prov.) Act
		1970, s1
	Power to contribute to	LGA 1972, s.214 (6)
	expenses of maintaining	
<b>D</b> 1 1 4	cemeteries	1.0
Bus shelters*	Power to provide and	Local Government (Misc.
D. I.	maintain bus shelters	Prov.) Act 1953, s.4
Byelaws	Power to make byelaws for	Public Health Act 1875,
	public walks and pleasure	s.164
	grounds	Dood Troffic Doordotics Ast
	Cycle parks	Road Traffic Regulation Act
	Baths and Washhouses	1984, s.57(7) Public Health Act, 1936
	Datiis and washinduses	s.233
	Open spaces and burial	Open Spaces Act, 1906,
	grounds	s.15
	grounds	3.10

Charities	Power to appoint trustees of parochial charities	Charities Act 1993, s.79
Christmas lights	Power to provide to attract visitors	LGA 1972 s.144
Citizens Advice Bureau	Power to support	LGA 1972 s.142
Clocks*	Power to provide public	Parish Councils Act 1957
	clocks	s.2
Closed churchyards	Power (and sometimes	LGA 1972 s.215
,	duty) to maintain	
Commons and common	Powers in relation to	Inclosure Act 1845; Local
pastures	enclosure, regulation and	Government Act 1894,
	management, and providing	s.8(4); Smallholdings &
	common pasture	Allotments Act 1908, s.34
Community centres	Power to provide and equip	LGA 172 s.133
·	community buildings	
	Power to provide buildings	Local Government (Misc.
	for use of clubs having	Prov.) Act 1976, s.19
	athletic, social or	
	educational objectives	
Conference facilities*	Power to provide and	LGA 1997, S.144
	encourage the use	
	conference facilities	
Consultation	Right to be consulted by	Local Government and
	principal councils if directed	Rating Act 1997, s.21
	by Secretary of State	LGA 1972, s.33A
	(England) or by Welsh	
	Assembly (Wales)	
Crime prevention*	Power to spend money on	Local Government and
	various crime prevention	Rating Act 1997, s.31
D. C.	measures	D 11's 11 s 11 A 11 4000
Drainage	Power to deal with ditches	Public Health Act 1936,
	and ponds	s.260
Entertainment and the Arts*	Provision of entertainment	LGA 1972, s.145
	and support for the arts including festivals and	
	celebrations	
Flagpoles	Power to erect flagpoles in	Highways Act 1980, s.144
i lagpoles	the highways	1 lighways Act 1900, 5.144
Free resource	Power to incur expenditure	LGA 1972, s.137
Tree resource	not otherwise authorised on	LOA 1972, 3.107
	anything which in the	
	council's opinion is in the	
	interests of the area or part	
	of it or all or some of the	
	inhabitants	
Gifts	Power to accept gifts	LGA 1972, s.139
Highways	Power to maintain footpaths	Highways Act 1980, ss.43 &
3 - 7 -	& bridleways	50
	Power to light roads and	Parish Councils Act 1957
	public places	s.3

	l	D 17 (f) 1 (f) A (
	Power to provide parking	Road Traffic regulation Act
	places for vehicles, bicycles	1984 s.57
	and motor-cycles	Lishwaya Ast 1000 sa 20 8
	Power to make a dedication	Highways Act 1980, ss.30 &
	agreement for a new	72
	highway or widening of an	
	existing highway	11.1
	Right to veto application to	Highways Act 1980, ss.47 &
	magistrates court to stop up,	116
	divert or cease to maintain a	
	public highway	Libertone Ast 4000 - 400
	Power to complain to a local	Highways Act 1908, s.130
	highway authority that a	
	highway is unlawfully	
	stopped up or obstructed	
	Power to plant trees etc.	Highways Act 1980, s.96
	and maintain roadside	
	verges	
	Power to prosecute for	Highways Act 1980, s.134
	unlawful ploughing of a	
	footpath or bridleway	
	Power to provide traffic	Road Traffic Regulation Act,
	signs and other notices	1984, s.72
Interests	Duty to declare an interest	LGA 1972, s.94
Investments	Power to participate in	Trustee Act 1961 s.11
	schemes of collective	
	investments	
Land	Power to acquire land by	LGA 1972, ss.124, 126 &
	agreement, to appropriate	127
	land and to dispose of land	
	Power to acquire land by	LGA 1972, s.125
	compulsory purchase	
	Power to accept gifts of land	LGA 1972, s.139
	Power to obtain particulars	Local Government (Misc.
	of persons interested in land	Prov.) Act 1976, s16
Lighting	Power to light roads and	Parish Councils Act 1957,
	public spaces	s.3 & Highways Act 1980,
		s.301
Litter*	Power to provide litter bins	Litter Act 1983, ss.5 & 6
	in streets and public places	
Lotteries	Power to promote lotteries	Lotteries and Amusements
		Act 1976, s.7
Meeting	Duty to hold annual parish	LGA 1972, Sch.12 para.23
	meeting	
	Duty to hold annual parish	LGA 1972, Sch.12 para.7
	council meeting	
	Power to convene a parish	LGA 1972, Sch.12 para.14
	meeting	
Mortuaries and post-mortem	Power to provide mortuaries	Public Health Act 1936,
rooms	and post-mortem rooms	s.198

Newslatters	Devices to mandale	1.04.4070 - 4.40
Newsletters	Power to provide	LGA 1972 s.142
	information relating to matters affecting local	
	government	
Nuisances*	Power to deal with offensive	Public Health Act 1936,
Nuisances	ponds, ditches and gutters	s.260
Open Spaces	Power to acquire and	Public Health Act 1875,
Орен орассз	maintain open spaces	s.164 Open Spaces Act
	maintain open spaces	1906, S.9, 10
Parish documents	Power to give directions as	LGA 1972, s.226
. and accuments	to custody of parish	2071 1072, 0.220
	documents	
Parking facilities	Power to provide parking	Road Traffic Regulation Act
3	places for motor vehicles	1984, SS.57 & 63
	and bicycles	,
Parks and pleasure grounds	Power to acquire land or to	Public Health Act 1875
	provide recreation grounds,	s.164; LGA 1972 sch. 14
	public walks, pleasure	para. 27; Public Health Acts
	grounds and open spaces	Amendment Act 1890 s.44
	and to manage and control	
	them	
Public buildings and village	Power to provide buildings	LGA 1972, s.133
halls	for offices and for public	
	meetings and assemblies	
Public conveniences	Power to provide public	Public Health Act 1936, s.87
	conveniences	
Publicity	Power to provide	LGA 1972, s.142
	information about matters	
	affecting local government	
Records	Power to collect, exhibit and	Local Government
	purchase local records	(Records) Act 1962, ss.1 &
Daggation*	Device to provide a wide	2
Recreation*	Power to provide a wide	Open Spaces Act 1906, s.9-
	range of recreational	10 Local Government (Misc.
	rovision of boating pools	Prov.) Act 1976, s.19 Public Health Act 1961, s.54
Seats and shelters*	Power to provide roadside	Parish Councils Act 1957,
Jeals and Shellers	seats and shelters	s.1
Town and Country planning	Right to be notified of	Town & Country Planning
Town and Country planning	planning applications	Act 1990, para.8 of sch.1;
	Planning applications	para.2 of Sch.1A (Wales)
Town status	Power to adopt town status	LGA 1972, ss. 245, 245B
Tourism*	Power to contribute to	LGA 1972, s.144
	encouragement of Tourism	
Traffic calming	Power to contribute to the	Highways Act 1980, s.274A
	cost of traffic calming	]
	measures	
Transport*	Power to (a) establish car-	Local Government and
	sharing schemes; (b) make	Rating Act 1997, s.26
	grants for bus services; (c)	Transport Act 1985 s106A

	provide taxi-fare concessions; (d) investigate public transport, road use needs; (e) provide information about public transport services	
Village signs	Power to use decorative sings to inform visitors	LGA 1972 s.144
Village greens*	Power to maintain, to make byelaws for and to prosecute for interference with village greens	Open Spaces Act 1906, s.15; Inclosure Act 1857, s.12; Commons Act 1876, s.29
Village Halls*	(see Community centres and Public buildings)	
War memorials	Power to maintain, repair and protect war memorials	War Memorials (Local Authorities Powers) Act 1923, s.1 as extended by LGA 1948, s.133
Water supply	Power to utilise any well, spring or stream to provide facilities for obtaining water from them	Public Health Act 1936, s.125